Overview of Interim Financial Results for FY2018

— IR Presentation —

The Hiroshima Bank, Ltd.



December 4, 2018
President Toshio Heya



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5. Business Forecast for FY2018

(11) Response to financial digitalization

- Responding to diversification in payment methods -

3. Progress of Mid-term Plan 2017

(1) Forecast of business performance and dividend in FY2018

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1. Highlights of FY2018 1H

1	Core banking profit increased year on year, due mainly to an increase in net interest income and lower expenses.	P.4
2	The interest on loans increased on an interim basis for the first time in 10 years.	P.5
3	Due to stronger ties between banking and securities business, the non-interest income ratio, including income from Hirogin Securities, increased at a steady pace to 34.0%.	P.6
4	Due to focusing on consulting sales, lending to SMEs increased at a steady pace.	P.10
5	Support to improve management helped maintain the non-performing loan ratio was at a favorable historical low of 1.20%.	P.12
6	We made the decision to pay a commemorative dividend (2.0 yen per share); accordingly, the dividend payout ratio projection was revised upwards. ⇒ Initial projection for FY2018 consolidated dividend payout ratio: 21.1% → 23.5%	P.30





2. Overview of Interim Financial Results for FY2018



(1) Summary of business performance in FY2018 1H



- As for profit and loss in FY2018 1H, net income decreased by 5.0 billion yen on a year-on-year basis to 12.6 billion yen, while net interest income increased and expenses fell and credit costs rose due to bankruptcies at major borrowers. Losses resulting from the impact of gains on the reversal of the allowance for investment losses booked the previous year also hurt net income.
- Due to the loss of the impact of gains from negative goodwill booked in the previous year, interim net income attributable to owners of the parent decreased by 3.0 billion yen on a year-on-year basis to 12.0 billion yen.

(Billion yen)

					(Dillion yen)
		FY2018 1H	YoY change	(0	Change rate)
	Net interest income	35.2	0.3		
	Net fees and commissions income	8.8	0.0		
	Core gross banking profit	44.1	0.3	(0.8%)
	- Expenses	26.5	-0.1		
Core banking profit		17.6	0.5	(2.4%)
	Gains/Losses on securities	2.2	-1.7		
	- Credit costs	2.5	1.7		
	(Reversal of allow ance for investment losses)	(-)	(-4.9)		
	Ordinary profit	17.5	-6.2	(-25.8%)
	Interim net income	12.6	(-5.0	(-28.5%)

Consolidated ordinary profit	17.4	-1.3 (-6.8%)
Interim net income attributable to owners of the parent (including gains from negative goodwill	(12.0)	(-3.0) (-20.1%)
etc.)	(–)	(-2.0)	



(2) Net interest income



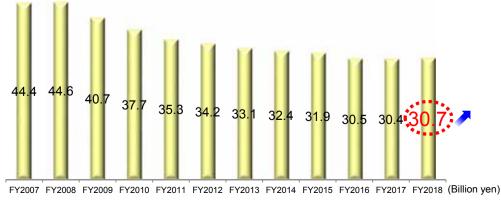
Net interest income was up by 3.0 billion yen from the previous year, due mainly to an increase in interest on loans for the first time in an interim period for 10 years (on a full-year basis, it increased in FY2017 for the first time in 10 years) and despite a decrease in interest and dividends on securities.

Breakdown of net interest income

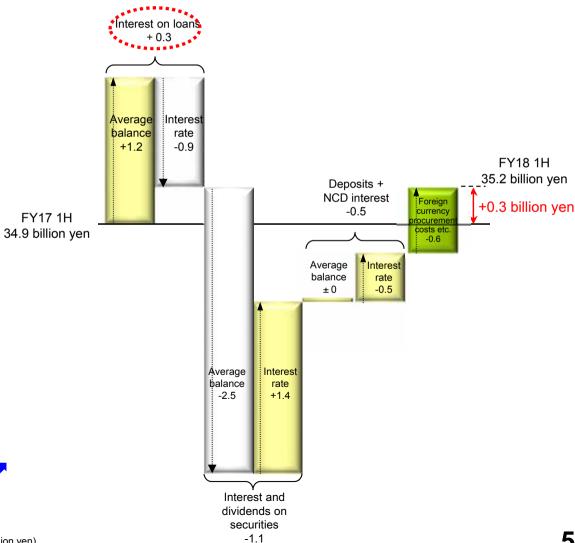
(Billion yen)

		FY2018 1H		
		F12010 111	YoY change	
	Interest on loans	30.7	0.3	
	Interest and dividends on securities	7.8	-1.1	
	Deposits + NCD interest (-)	1.1	-0.5	
	Foreign-currency procurement costs etc. (-)	2.2	-0.6	
	Net interest income	35.2	0.3	

Changes in loan interest (1H)



Details of each item in net interest income (Average balance and interest rate)





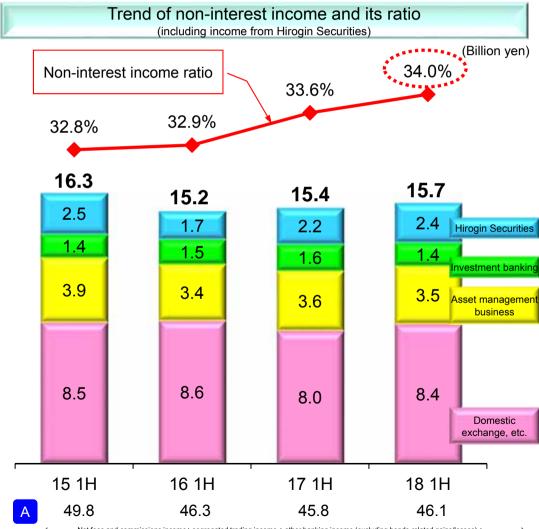
(3) Net fees and commissions income



- Net fees and commissions income remained unchanged on a year-to-year basis. This was because while profit from the investment banking business and asset management business decreased, costs associated with domestic exchange etc. also declined.
- The ratio of non-interest income (including income from Hirogin Securities) grew steadily to 34.0% due to an increase in net sales income from Hirogin Securities.

Breakdown of net fees and commissions income

		FY2018 1H	(Billion yen)	
		1 12010 111	YoY change	
	Investment banking business	1.4	-0.2	
	Syndicated loans, etc.	0.7	-0.3	
	Sales of derivatives to customers	0.2	0.1	
	Asset management business	3.5	-0.1	
	Insurance products	1.9	0.4	
	Investment trusts	0.8	-0.2	
	Financial instrument intermediary services	0.2	0.0	
	Foreign currency deposits	0.4	-0.3	
	Pesonal loan-related	-1.8	0.0	
	Domestic exchange, etc.	5.7	0.3	
	Net fees and commissions income	8.8	0.0	





(4) Expenses

- Due mainly to lower tax burdens, expenses were down by 0.1 billion yen from the previous year.
- The adjusted overhead ratio improved by 0.7 points to 60.1% on a year-on-year basis.

Trend of expenses and Adjusted overhead ratio Adjusted (Billion yen) overhead ratio 61.0% 60.8% 60.1% 55.8% -0.7 +0.8 27.3 -0.1 26.6 26.5 26.5 12.8 12.3 12.8 12.6 Non-personnel -0.2 14.5 14.2 13.8 13.9 Personnel +0.1 15 1H 16 1H 17 1H 18 1H * Adjusted overhead ratio = Expenses / Core gross banking profit

Breakdown of expenses

(Billion yen)

Non-personnel expenses

Major factors	YoY change
Response to disaster caused by heavy rain in Western Japan (donations etc.) +0.1	
Deposit insurance premium -0.1	-0.2
Taxes -0.2 , etc.	

Personnel expenses

Major factors	YoY change
Bonus +0.2	
Retirement benefit expenses -0.1, etc.	+0.1
·	



(Reference) Comparison with other banks*1 (FY2018 1H)

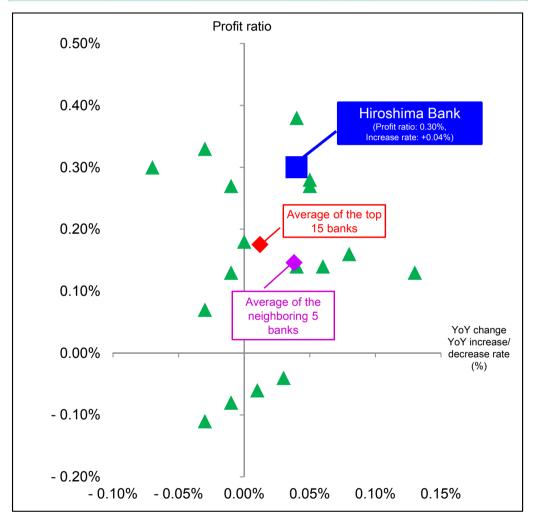


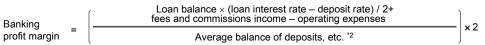
(*1) Target... Top 15 first-tier regional banks, including FG and FH, in terms of the amount of funds (deposits + NCD) and first-tier regional banks in Hiroshima, Yamaguchi, Ehime, Okayama, and Shimane prefectures

Mebuki FG, Kyushu FG, Concordia FG, Nishi-Nippon FH, Kansai Mirai FG, Chiba Bank, Gunma Bank, 77 Bank, Fukuoka FG, Shizuoka Bank, Hachijuni Bank, Bank of Kyoto, Hokuhoku FG, San-in Godo Bank, Chugoku Bank, Iyo Bank, and Yamaguchi FG

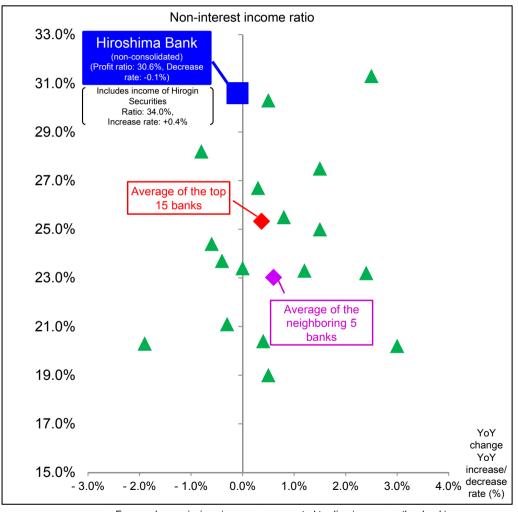
Note: Data is based on calculations performed by Hiroshima Bank based on earnings briefings from each bank. FG/FH figures are simple aggregates of figures for banks under FG/FH control.

Banking profit margins and changes therein





Non-interest income ratio and its increase/decrease rate



Non-interest income ratio = Fees and commissions income + segregated trading income + other banking income ratio = income (excluding bonds-related gains/losses)

Core gross banking profit

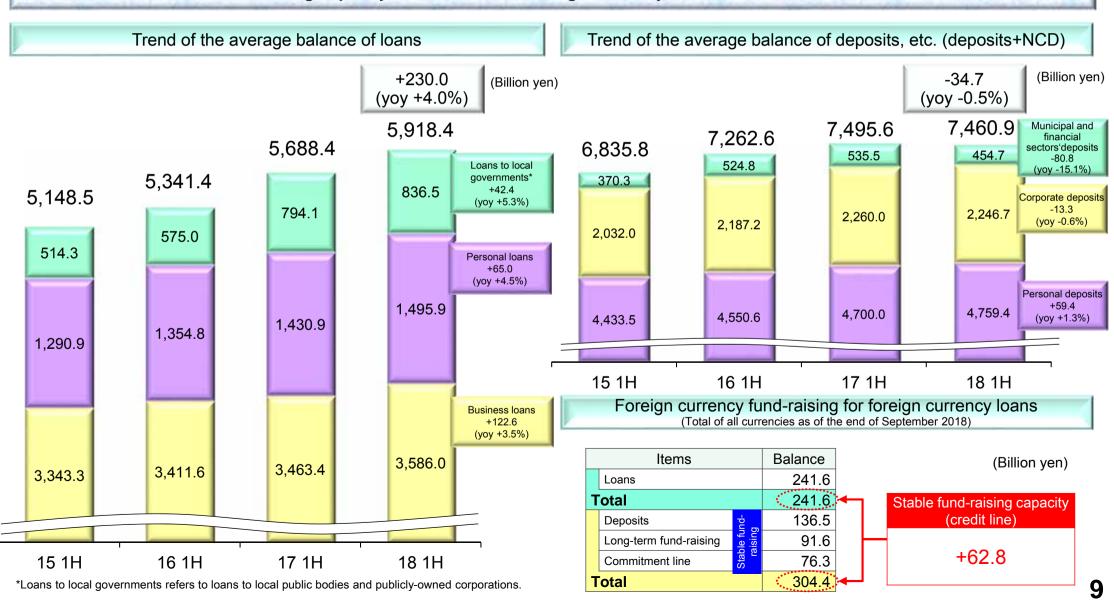
^(*2) Our bank uses the formula given below to calculate average deposit balances for banks that do not publish figures for average deposit balances.

Average deposit balance + (beginning balance of NCDD + ending balance of NCD)/2

(5) Balance of loans, deposits, etc. (deposits+NCD) and foreign currency funding



- The average balance of loans increased in business, personal, and municipal sectors by 230.0 billion yen (+4.0% YoY).
- The average balance of deposit assets increased in the personal sector but declined in municipal and financial sectors. Overall, the average balance of deposit assets decreased 34.7 billion yen (-0.5% YoY).
- Sufficient and stable fund-raising capacity was secured for foreign currency loans.





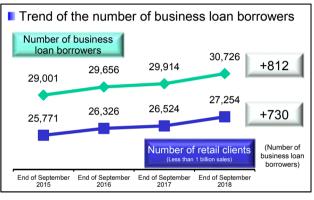
(6) Loans to SMEs and personal loans



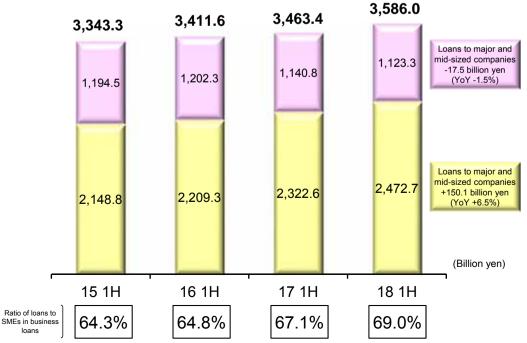
- The average balance of loans to SMEs continued to increase at a steady pace, supported by financial intermediary functions, including enhancements in consulting sales.
- The ratio of loans to SMEs in business loans continued to increase at a steady pace, based on steady portfolio adjustments.
- Due to efforts to increase personal loans led by the headquarters, including telemarketing, personal loans increased by 61.2 billion yen (YoY +4.1%).
- In the apartment loan sector, we assumed loans judged to have sufficient stress tolerance based on a recognition of these loans as effective inheritance tax shelters or reliable property investments.

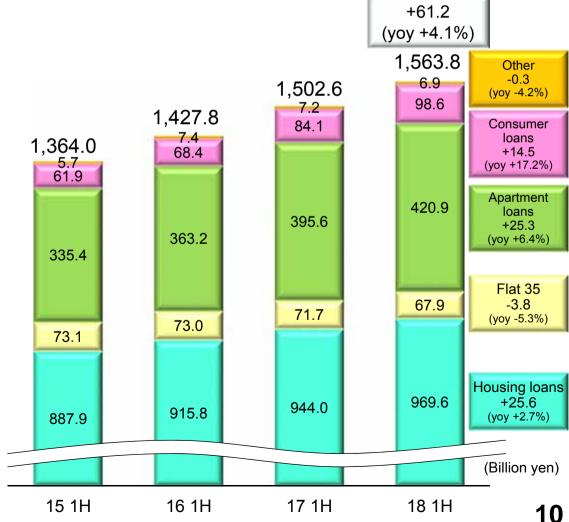
Trends in the average balance of and number of business loans

Trend of the average balance of personal loans (including Flat 35)







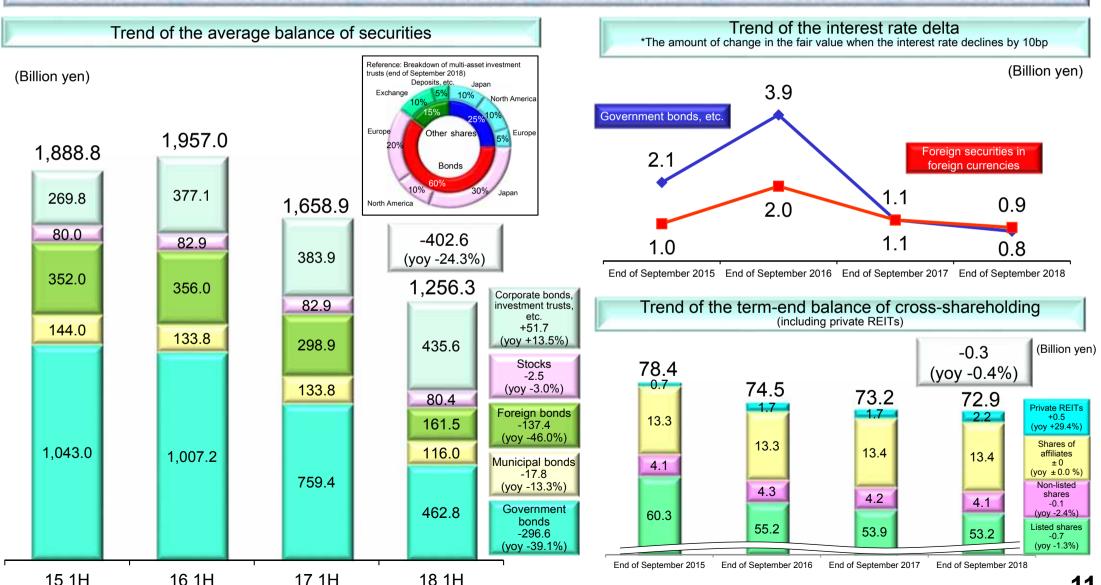




(7) Securities



- The average balance of securities decreased by 402.6 billion yen due to the redemption of government bonds.
- Interest-rate risk declined on a year-on-year basis.
- The balance of cross-shareholdings was reduced by 0.3 billion yen on a year-on-year basis through dialogue with issuing entities.

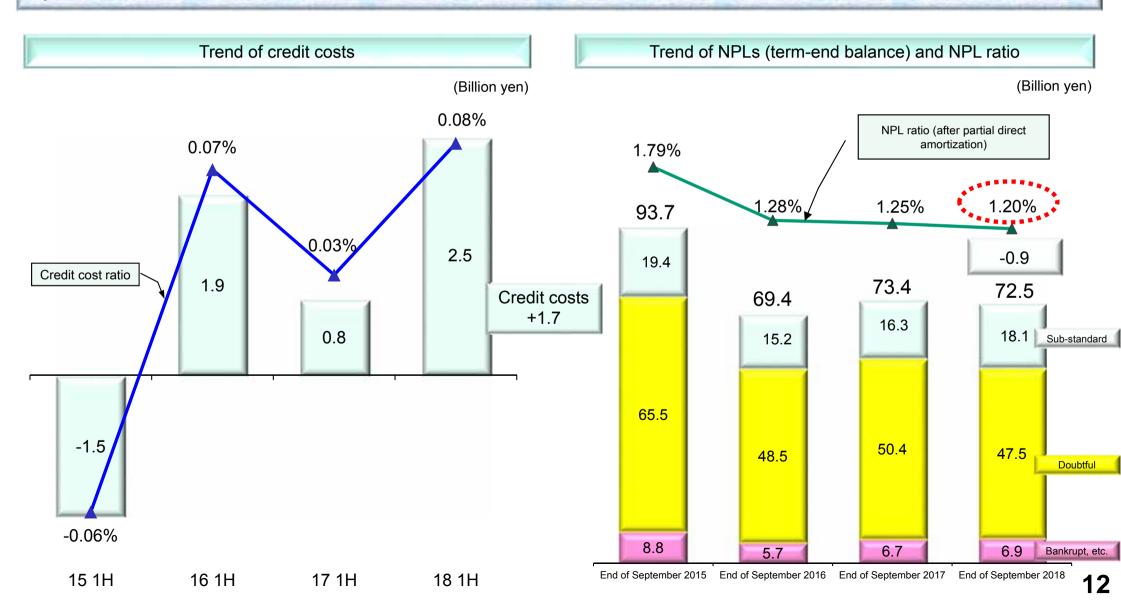




(8) Credit costs and non-performing loans



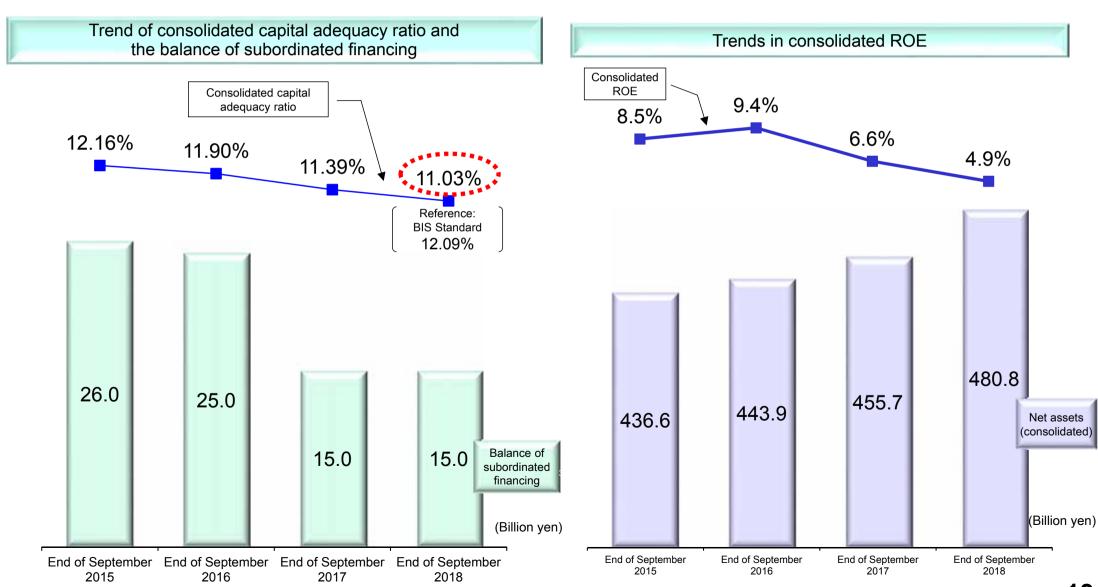
- Credit costs increased by 1.7 billion yen on a year-on-year basis due to an increase in the disposal of non-performing loans following bankruptcies at major borrowers.
- The NPL ratio remained favorable, staying at the historically low level of 1.20%, thanks to a year-on-year decrease of 0.9 billion yen in the claims disclosed under the Financial Revitalization Act.



(9) Capital adequacy ratio and ROE



- The consolidated capital adequacy ratio remained acceptable at 11.03%.
- Against the backdrop of a steady increase in net assets, consolidated ROE fell 1.7% year-on-year.



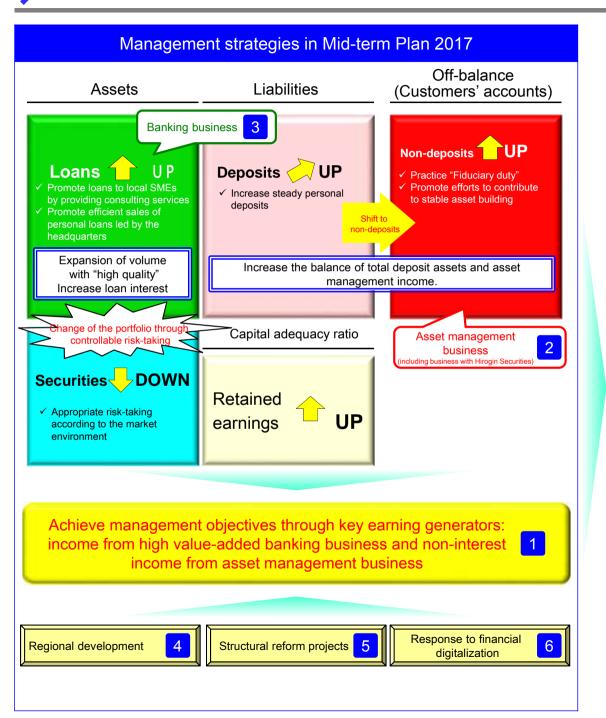
^{*} Redemption date: December 2021



3. Progress of Mid-term Plan 2017

(1) Summary of Progress of Mid-term Plan 2017





Results of FY2018 1H (summary)

Core banking profit increased year on year, but the impact of bankruptcies at major borrowers resulted in a 45% progress rate for consolidated net income (full-year).

P.16

We stepped up efforts to strengthen ties between banking and securities business, to make investment proposals to corporations with excess funds, etc. with the aim of increasing the balance of total deposit assets and non-interest income.

P.17-18

We focused on high value-added businesses by identifying needs related to operational risk, including the response to the disaster caused by heavy rain in Western Japan.

P.19

We expanded regional development efforts to respond effectively to growth in inbound tourism.

3

5

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P.21-22

We implemented workstyle reform and personnel reassignments to promising markets to maximize the effectiveness of our personnel.

P.23-24

We established channels (face-to-face and non-face-to-face) capable of offering customers optimal financial services and stepped up the provision of new services.

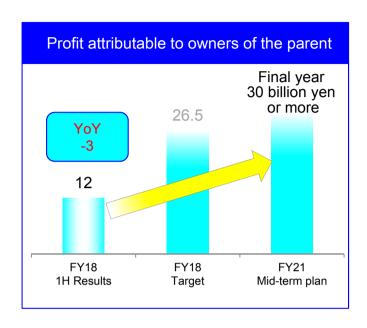
P.25-26

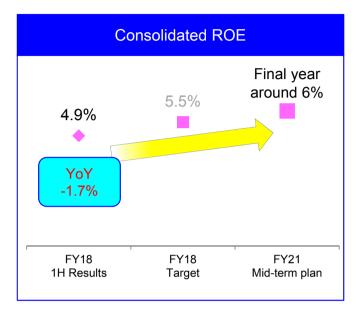


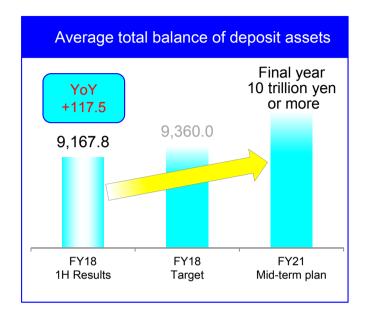
(2) State of achievement of Management objectives

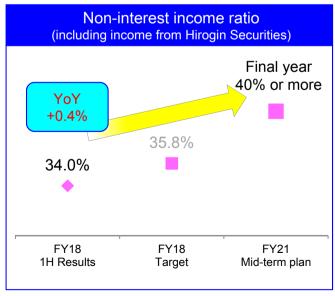


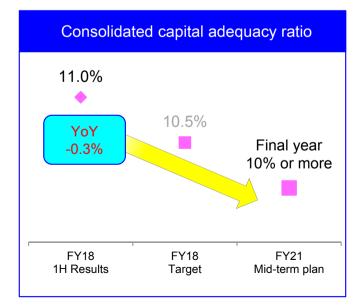
(Billion yen, %)

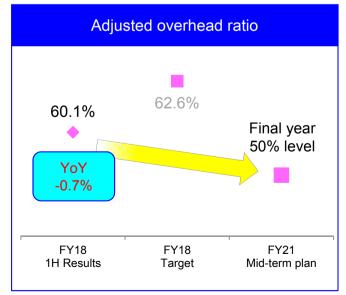












(3) Enhancement of asset management business 1





Increase the number of joint offices, strengthen sale forces, and step up mutual introductions of customers; enhance the efficiency of front office services, integrate banking and securities, and provide products and services that meet diverse customer needs.

Enhancement of BK/SE unified management

Measures

Increase the number of joint offices to provide one-stop function

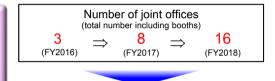
Strengthen sales power to acquire new accounts of financial instrument intermediary services

Enhance measures to meet needs for inheritance tax saving

Enhance ability to meet insurance needs

Strengthen ability to adapt to customer needs + enhance business efficiency + go paperless

Results (including estimates)



YoY change (FY2018 1H)	Joint offices	Average for all offices
Number of accounts of financial instruments intermediary services acquired	Approx. +50%	Approx. +40%
Income from financial instruments intermediary services	Approx. 2.7-fold	Approx. 2.2-fold

The number of employees of the bank seconded to Hirogin Securities

+ 20 persons

(April 1, 2017 to April 1, 2018.)

Hirogin Securities was qualified to conduct trust agreement agency business and bank agency business (January 4, 2018)

First in nation (regional bank securities subsidiary)

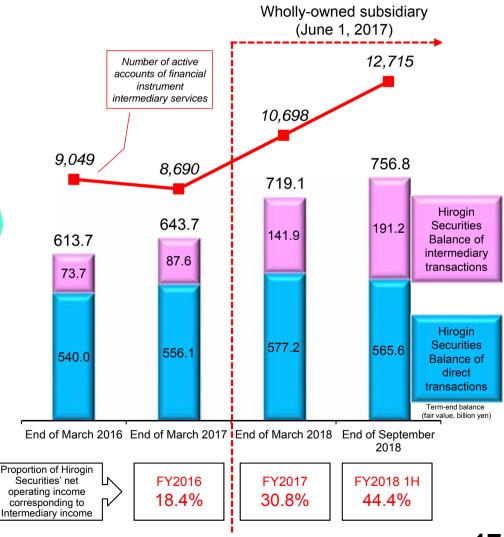
Introduce customers with insurance needs to the bank

(from October 1, 2018).

Allow digital signing of certain application forms used to open intermediary accounts (from November 3, 2018)

⇒ Enable accounts to be opened and structured notes to be purchased simultaneously

Promotion of financial instrument intermediary services



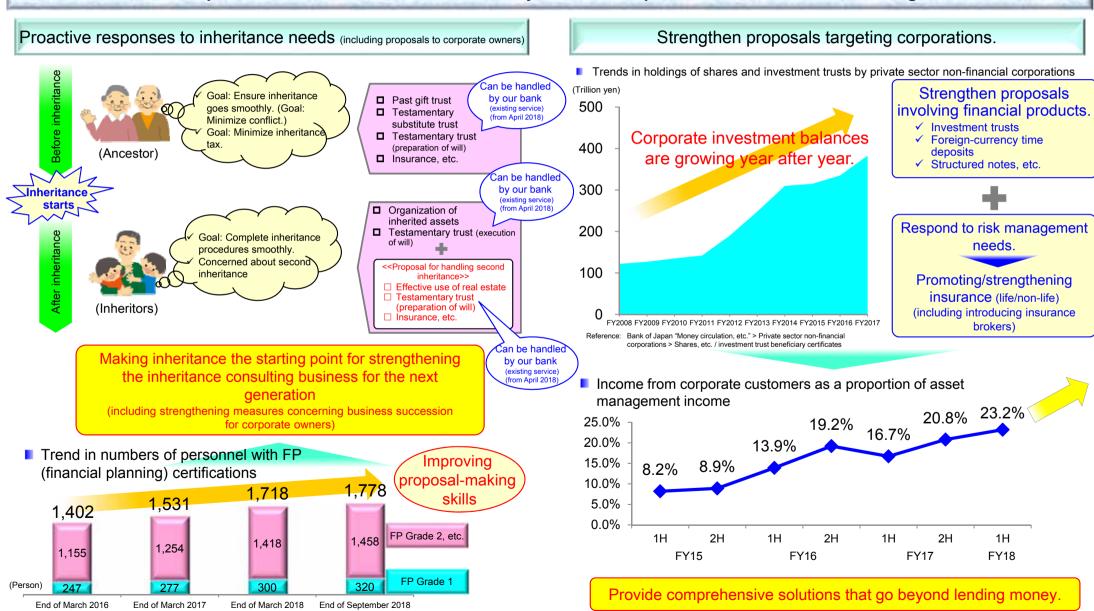


(4) Enhancement of asset management business 2

Business for HNWIs and corporations



Have personnel with strong proposal-presenting skills respond proactively to inheritance/gift-related needs. Also endeavor to offer solutions to corporations that meet their needs not only for financial products, but also for risk management.



(5) Enhancement of high value-added banking business 1

Business Joans —

Procurement

2H

1H

(Billion yen)

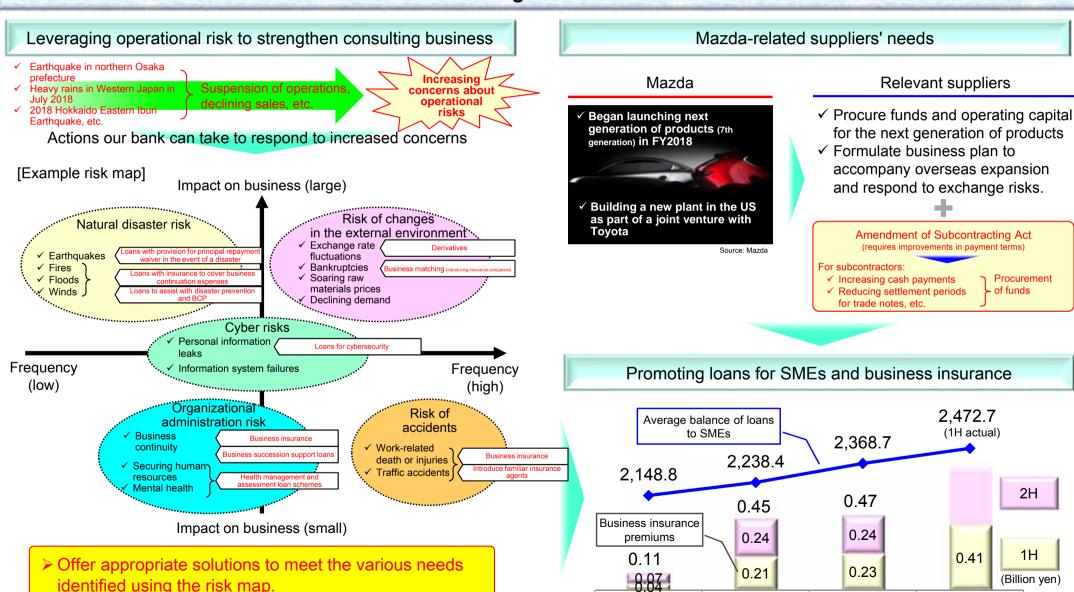
of funds

(1H actual)

0.41

FY2018

Leverage operational risk as an opportunity to strengthen the consulting business to increase loan balances to SMEs and boost income from investment banking business.



FY2015

FY2016

FY2017

> Expand the lineup of consulting-based loan products.

(6) Enhancement of high value-added banking business 2



— Personal loans —

Increase the balance of personal loans by strengthening related headquarters functions; endeavor to enhance business efficiency and reinforce governance.

Strengthening efforts to promote housing loans and apartment loans



Past activities focused on promoting loans for new and used homes; now...

Personal Loan Center

- ✓ Support with housing loans
- ✓ Apartment loans

Newly assign dedicated staff to promote:



- ☐ Expand opportunities for contact with customers (on holidays and at night).
- ☐ Increase introductions from home builders.

Apartment loans

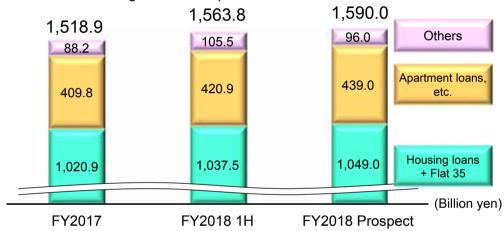
- ☐ Step up cooperation with builders.
- ☐ Integrate/network contact points to achieve rapid response.
- ☐ Reinforce governance through more rigorous loan screening



Free up personnel through enhanced business efficiencies (reassign to activities that promote markets).

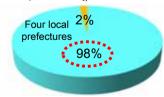
Promoting personal loans

■ Trends in average balance of personal loans

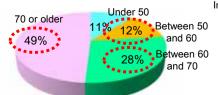


Reference: Status of apartment loans

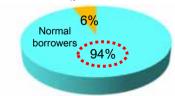
(Proportion of balance by region [as of end of September 2018])



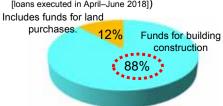
(Proportion of balance by age [as of end of September 2018])



(Proportion of balance by credit rating [as of end of June 2018])



(Proportion of loans executed by purpose [loans executed in April–June 2018])

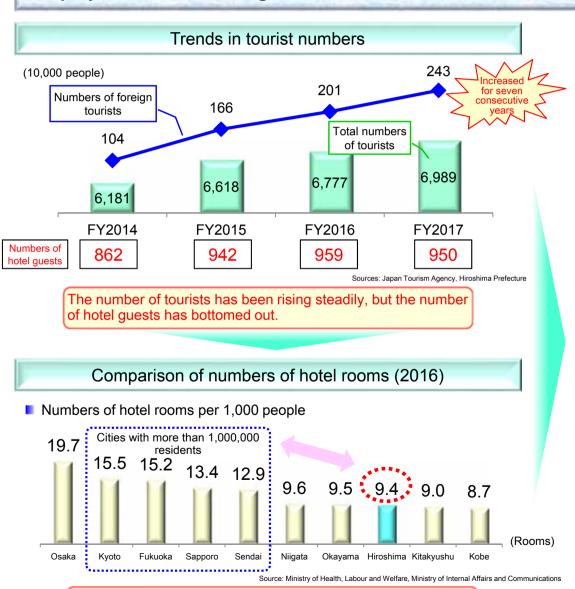




(7) Initiatives for efforts for regional development



Actively promote regional development. For example, SETOUCHI BRAND CORPORATION, in which our bank has an equity stake, is attracting world-famous hotel chains to land earmarked for redevelopment in Hiroshima City.



Fewer hotel rooms compared to other major cities



nationwide.

facilities, a spa, a gym, etc.

Scheduled to open in 2022

* First Hilton in Chugoku and Shikoku regions. The Hilton Group currently operates 16 hotels/resorts

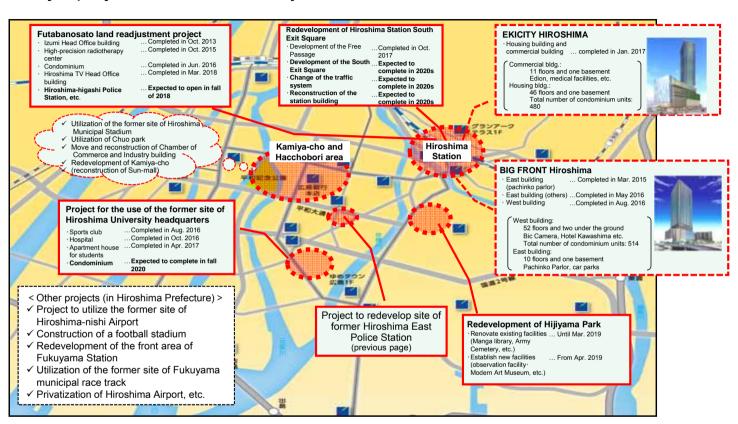
☐ Plan is for 415 guestrooms, eight conference



(Reference) Major development projects in Hiroshima City



<Major projects in Hiroshima city>



Project to rebuild
Hiroshima Bank,
Head Office building

Expected to start construction in
January 2019
Expected to complete in January
2021

Structuring of Private REITs

First regionals

- Investment targets are real estate related to local redevelopment and reconstruction projects
- ✓ Our wholly-owned subsidiary Hirogin REIT Management gives investment instructions
- As the leader of community development, the Bank takes initiatives for the regional redevelopment, contributing to local redevelopment and revitalization of regional economy

The Kamiyacho and Hatchobori districts of Hiroshima have been officially designated as areas urgently requiring urban renewal (October 2018).

Revision of special measures

- ✓ Restriction and limitations (use restriction and floor area limitation) will be eased.
- ✓ Special taxation (tax reduction on registration and license and acquisition of real estate, etc.)

☐ Increase in population and numbers of households

☐ Higher land prices and rents

☐ Increase in private sector development projects, etc.

Expected impact:

Contribute
to the improvement
of regional
productivity



(8) Initiatives for structural reform



Free up more time for sales promotion and personnel through various structural reform projects; relocate human resources to promising markets and headquarters departments.

Structural reform project name

Outline

management tools dispersed by business type

✓ Receive application for financial instruments by

✓ Secure customer service time through intensive

Receive application for a personal loan by

apartment loan sales to the headquarters

Centralize back office work to the headquarters

Use sales-supporting devices (tablet) ✓ Integrate customer information and

management of actions and results

✓ Centralize housing loan refinance and

Outcomes (including expected outcomes)

Effects

Sales Promotion Reform Project

Personal Loan Low Cost Operation

Project to Reduce the Labor

Burden at Branch Offices

Head Office Reconstruction

Project

P.20

P.24

P.24

✓ Thorough reduction

tablet

□ Reduce documents

☐ Reduce the use of seals or signatures

□ Reduce the vault

☐ Reduce manager's tasks

□ Reduce the use of passbooks

✓ Implement measures to reform working styles at the headquarters, taking advantage of the temporary Head Office

□ Non-territorial office

Electronic approval

Internal mobile phones

☐ Mobile PC

Response to Financial Digitalization

P.25-26

- Enhance functions of new channels (mobile application)
- ✓ Diversification and enhancement of settlement
- ✓ Step up provision of services based on new technologies (e.g., AI).
- Respond to open API
- ✓ Enhance marketing

Increased customer interaction. times by 0.5–1.0 hours per day per **Derson** (compared to FY2016 1H)

- > Enhanced business efficiency
- > Clearer promotion structure
- > Stronger governance

Managed to secure 180 members of personnel (FY2017)

Reallocated personnel (April 2018)

Experimental deployment of tablets at branches (from December)

⇒ Promoting self-transactions by customers

Reducing manager tasks/eliminating second line of procedures (back office)

⇒ Ease burden on managers by reducing administrative tasks

To secure about 130 FY2021)

> Electronic approval/deployment of mobile PCs (headquarters)

- Shorten time required for approval by 40%.
- Reduce number of printed sheets by approx. 50%.
- > Explore possibility of creating a smartphone app, "Wallet+".
- ➤ Build technology infrastructure in partnership with electronic payment service provider.
- Participate in project to build a data sharing infrastructure through Hiroshima Sandbox.

members of personnel (in total between FY2018 and

Free up personnel by improving productivity (planned).

(FY2018 to FY2021)

Create new earning opportunities

(*) Dedicated smartphone app administered by iBank Marketing Co., Ltd., part of the Fukuoka Financial Group. For more information, see http://ibank.co.jp.



(9) Initiatives for the work-style reform



Proactively and continuously implement various work-style reform measures to improve productivity.

Use of tablets for transactions in the lobby

(Project to reduce the labor burden at branch offices)

Work-style reform measures at headquarters

1. Visits branch.



Meet customers in the lobby and guide them to the appropriate channel.

No need for revisions or seals to indicate corrections

2. Enters information into tablet.



Make use of wait times to have customers complete transactions by themselves (self-transactions). (no need to fill out and affix seals to forms)

No need for operations

- No need for superficial checks performed automatically by system) Reduced back-office processing (completed at the counter)
 - Reduced manager tasks

3. Confirms information entered.



Customers check the information they entered.

4. Administrative processing



Detailed check of transaction details

No need for detailed document checks No need to attach

documents

Introduced the electronic approval workflow



Introduced mobile PCs



- ✓ Paper-free approval/reporting flow
- ✓ Electronic approval away from office

Approval documents

Report documents, etc.

printed sheets

FY2015 2H

3.8 days FY2016 1H

5.2 days

FY2017 1H

Approx. four million sheets

Numbers of

FY2018 1H

2.6 days (-1.2 days)

2.8 days (-2.4 days)

FY2018

1H

Approx. 2.7 million sheets (approx. 33% reduction)

Huge improvement in decision-making speed

(number of days from issuance to approval)

Lower printing costs

To reduce about 520,000 work hours in total a year by developing the above measures and other measures (between FY2018 and FY2021, compared with the 2nd half of FY2017)

Secure about 130 employees and relocate them (FY2018 to FY2021)



(10) Response to financial digitalization



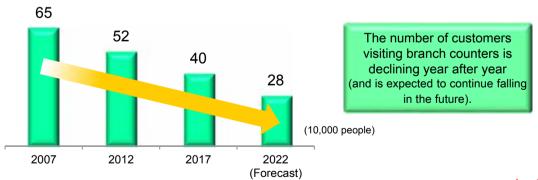


- In the face of changing consumer needs and behavior patterns and declining customer branch visits, urgent challenges include building channels (face-to-face and indirect), providing services that expand points of contact with customers, and delivering more sophisticated services.
- Study on revamping branch operations in light of deregulation and integrating external offices with branches

Changing customer needs, fewer customers visiting branches



Trends in number of customers visiting branch counters at our bank (average per month)



We must enhance customers interactions and continue to provide sophisticated services.

Overhaul of branch functions

- → Enhance customer services by building a network of core branches and small, compact branches.
 - ✓ Transform the form and functions of branches by reducing administrative burdens.
 - ✓ Specify the roles of branch offices and optimize personnel assignments based on market characteristics.
 - ✓ Increase the number of joint offices with Hirogin Securities, focusing on core branches.
- → Achieve flexible branch office management in response to deregulation.
 - ✓ Flexibly determining operating days and hours.
 - ✓ "Strengthen interactions with and improve service for customers"; "enhance efficiency" in accordance with local conditions and customer needs.

Integrate three external offices with branches (closure of external offices).

With the number of visiting customers declining due to the popularity of other channels, we plan to close them (in January and March 2019) based on their proximity to their mother branches.



(11) Response to financial digitalization

— Responding to diversification in payment methods —



- Seek to expand points of contact with new customers and increase earning opportunities by introducing a brand debit card and providing a smartphone app through a partnership with iBank Marketing Co., Ltd.
- Develop an Al credit-screening model for small businesses that doesn't require human involvement; begin making preparations to deploy the system.

Spring 2019

Debut!

Provide new means of payment.

JCB/Visa-brand debit card



First regional bank in the Chugoku and Shikoku regions to offer

both JCB and Visa brands

Note: Actual designs may differ from these illustrations

To date, we have lacked transaction points with the following customers (we lacked initiatives to attract them):

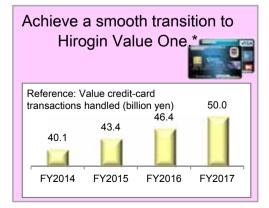
✓ Young people

has collaborated on a design with

✓ Credit-averse people

We will make an effort to attract such customers.

This is our future goal:



Obtain data that can't be captured from users of Hirogin Value One.

Develop strategies involving use of the new data.

Create "Wallet+" smartphone app.

Bank Equity partnership with iBank

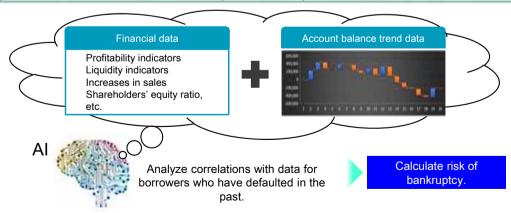
Provide functions not available with the Hirogin app (planned).



- Balance confirmation/managing income and expenses
- ✓ Automatic deposits
- ✓ Loan functions
- ✓ Investment functions, etc.

Through this partnership, which utilizes an open API, we will expand points of contact with young people, with whom we currently have little interaction.

Field testing of sophisticated loan screening involving Al (2nd round)



- > Build an AI credit-screening model for small businesses.
- ➤ Begin marketing ahead of the launch of loan products for small businesses (release planned for spring 2019).



4. Initiatives for ESG



November 2018)

(1) Initiatives for ESG



■ Seek to enhance corporate value on a long-term and continual basis through initiatives targeting the environment, society, and governance.

	Efforts to enhance governance	_		Environment/social initiatives
June 2017	Made Hirogin Securities Co., Ltd. a wholly-owned subsidiary	•	March 2017	Construction of eco-friendly new Head Office building (publicly announced)
	Formulated Action Policy for Customer-Centric Business Administration	•	July 2017	Selected for MSCI Japan Empowering Women Index *Expected to complete January 2021 *Expected to complete January 2021
			December 2017	Began offering privately-placed bonds that provide donations to educational institutions
April 2018	Merged Hirogin Lease Co., Ltd. and Hirogin Auto	• •	April 2018	Women in managerial/supervisory roles surpasses 10%.
	Lease Co., Ltd. ⇒ Hirogin Lease Co., Ltd.(surviving company)			9.3% 10.8% 10.9% Proportion of women is managerial/supervisory roles
June 2018	Published "Current Initiatives for Customer-Centric Business Administration"	•		126 19 17 Managers 19 134 Supervisors 2017/4/1 2018/4/1 2018/10/1
July 2018	Merged Hirogin Mortgage Services Co., Ltd. and Hirogin Business Support Co., Ltd. ⇒ Hirogin Business Services Co., Ltd.	• •	July 2018	Donated money to those affected by heavy rain in Western Japan in July 2018; dispatched bank employees as volunteers
			August 2018	Formulated the Hiroshima Bank Health Management Declaration
			September 2018	Participated in activities in the Hirogin no Satoyama (weeding, etc.)
April 2019 (announced in	Absorb and merge with Hirogin Wealth Management Co., Ltd.	•	November 2018	



5. Business Forecast for FY2018



(1) Forecast of business performance and dividend in FY2018



- With respect to performance in FY2018, there are no changes to the earnings forecast announced in May. This forecast specified net income of 25.6 billion yen and net income attributable to owners of the parent of 26.5 billion yen.
- The forecast for the annual dividend is expected to be 20 yen, which is 18 yen per share based on the payout table plus a commemorative dividend to mark our 140th anniversary.

Business forecast for FY2018

(Billion yen)

	1H performance	Forecast for FY2018	YoY change
Net interest income	35.2	69.0	0.8
Interest on loans	30.7	61.2	0.2
"Net fees and commissions income"	ncome" 8.8 1		-0.6
Core gross banking profit	44.1	86.2	0.1
- Expenses	26.5	54.0	0.3
Core banking profit	17.6	32.2	-0.1
Gains/Losses on securities	2.2	3.7	-0.3
Ordinary profit	17.5	36.3	-1.6
Current (interim) net income	12.6	25.6	-1.4

Current (interim) net income attributable to owners of the parent	12.0	26.5	0.7
·			

Payout table and estimated dividend in FY2018

	Profit attributable to owners of the parent	Dividend per share			Consolidated
		(1) Fixed	(2) Performanc e-based	(1)+(2)	payout ratio
	Over 33 billion yen	12 yen	12 yen	24 yen	Less than 22.7%
	Over 30 to 33 billion yen	12 yen	10 yen	22 yen	20.8% to less than 22.9%
	Over 27 to 30 billion yen	12 yen	8 yen	20 yen	20.8% to less than 23.2%
	Over 24 to 27 billion yen	12 yen	6 yen	18 yen	20.8% to less than 23.4%
	Over 21 to 24 billion yen	12 yen	4 yen	16 yen	20.8% to less than 23.8%
	Over 18 to 21 billion yen	12 yen	2 yen	14 yen	20.8% to less than 24.3%
	18 billion yen or less	12 yen	0 yen	12 yen	20.8% or over



Dividend to mark our 140th anniversary

(amount of addition to dividend per share)

+2 yen

Consolidated dividend payout ratio 23.5% (+2.4% compared with forecast)





This material contains statements about future business performance.

These statements do not guarantee future business performance and are subject to uncertainties.

Please note that actual future business performance may differ from our goals, depending on changes in the business environment and other factors.

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